Annex-2 Matrix indicating Requirements Under Each Accords

Roles, Responsibilities and Competencies of each category (to be identified as per IEA Accords)

for Washington Accord	for Sydney Accord	for Dublin Accord
Graduate	Graduate	Graduate
Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in WK1-WK4 respectively to the solution of complex engineering problems.	Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in SK1-SK4 respectively to defined and applied engineering procedures, processes, systems or methodologies.	Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in DK1-DK4 respectively to wide practical procedures and practices.

The Accords in summary specify the 3 categories as follows.

1. Attributes of an Engineer (as per Washington Accord)

A defining characteristic of professional engineering is the ability to work with complexity and uncertainty, since no real engineering project or assignment is exactly the same as any other (otherwise the solution could simply be purchased or copied). Accordingly, the attributes place as central the notions of complex engineering problems and complex problem solving.

The Washington Accord defines,

- a) 12 element Graduate Attribute Profile (WA1-WA12)
- b) Knowledge Profile (WK1-WK8)
- c) Level of Problem Solving (WP1-WP7 and EP1-EP2)
- d) Professional Competency Profile (EC1-EC12)

Engineering Knowledge:	WA1: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in WK1 to WK4 respectively to the solution of complex engineering problems.
Problem Analysis Complexity of analysis	WA2: Identify, formulate, research literature and analyses complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences (WK1 to WK4).
Design/ development of solutions: Breadth and uniqueness of engineering problems i.e. the extent to which problems are original and to which solutions have previously been identified or codified	WA3: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health, and safety, cultural, societal and environmental considerations (WK5).
Investigation: Breadth and depth of investigation and experimentation	WA4: Conduct investigations of complex problems using research-based knowledge (WK8) and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of information to provide valid conclusions.
Modern Tool Usage: Level of understanding of the appropriateness of the tool	WA5: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modeling, to complex engineering problems, with an understanding of the limitations (WK6).

The Engineer and Society: Level of knowledge and responsibility	WA6: Apply reasoning informed by contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems (WK7).
Environment and Sustainability: Type of solutions.	WA7: Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts (WK7).
Ethics: Understanding and level of practice	WA8: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering practice (WK7).
Individual and Team work: Role in and diversity of team	WA9: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings.
Communication: Level of communication according to type of activities performed	WA10: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations and give and receive clear instructions.
Project Management and Finance: Level of management required for differing types of activity	WA11: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making and apply these to one's own work as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multi-disciplinary environments.
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	WA12: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in, independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

b) Knowledge Profile (8 elements)

WK1	A systematic, theory-based understanding of the natural sciences applicable to the discipline.	
WK2	Conceptually-based mathematics, numerical analysis, statistics and formal aspects of computer and information science to support analysis and modelling applicable to the discipline.	
WK3	A systematic, theory-based formulation of engineering fundamentals required in the engineering discipline.	
WK4	Engineering specialist knowledge that provides theoretical frameworks and bodies of knowledge for the accepted practice areas in the engineering discipline; much is at the forefront of the discipline.	
WK5	Knowledge that supports engineering design in a practice area.	
WK6	Knowledge of engineering practice (technology) in the practice areas in the engineering discipline.	
WK7	Comprehension of the role of engineering in society and identified issues in engineering practice in the discipline: ethics and the professional responsibility of an engineer to public safety; and the impacts of engineering activity – economic, social, cultural, environmental and sustainability.	
WK8	Engagement with selected knowledge in the research literature of the discipline.	

Complex engineering problems have a range of attributes. At least some of the following may be encountered within a professional engineering education programme.

c) Level of Problem Solving (9 items)

Depth of knowledge required	WP1: Cannot be resolved without in-depth engineering knowledge at the level of one or more of WK3, WK4, WK5, WK6 or WK8 which allows a fundamentals-based, first principles analytical approach.
Range of conflicting requirements	WP2: Involve wide-ranging or conflicting technical, engineering and other issues.
Depth of analysis required	WP3: Have no obvious solution and require abstract thinking and originality in analysis to formulate suitable models.
Familiarity of issues	WP4: Involve infrequently encountered issues.
Extent of applicable codes	WP5: Outside problems encompassed by standards and codes of practice for professional engineering.
Extent of stakeholder involvement and needs	WP6: Involve diverse groups of stakeholders with widely varying needs.
Interdependence	WP 7: High level problems including many component parts or sub-problems.
Consequences	EP1: Have significant consequences in a range of contexts

d) Professional Competency Profile

Differentiating Characteristic	Professional Engineer	
Comprehend and apply universal knowledge: Breadth and depth of education and type of knowledge	EC1: Comprehend and apply advanced knowledge of the widely-applied principles underpinning good practice	
Comprehend and apply local knowledge: Type of local knowledge	EC2: Comprehend and apply advanced knowledge of the widely-applied principles underpinning good practice specific to the jurisdiction in which he/she practices.	
Problem analysis: Complexity of analysis	EC3: Define, investigate and analyses complex problems	
Design and development of solutions: Nature of the problem and uniqueness of the solution	EC4: Design or develop solutions to complex problems	
Evaluation: Type of activity	EC5: Evaluate the outcomes and impacts of complex activities	
Protection of society: Types of activity and responsibility to public	EC6: Recognize the reasonably foreseeable social, cultural and environmental effects of complex activities generally, and have regard to the need for sustainability; recognize that the protection of society is the highest priority	
Legal and regulatory: No differentiation in this characteristic	EC7: Meet all legal and regulatory requirements and protect public health and safety in the course of his or her activities	
Ethics: No differentiation in this characteristic	EC8: Conduct his or her activities ethically	
Manage engineering activities: Types of activity	EC9: Manage part or all of one or more complex activities	
Communication: No differentiation in this characteristic	EC10: Communicate clearly with others in the course of his or her activities	
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	EC11: Undertake CPD activities sufficient to maintain and extend his or her competence	
Judgment: Level of developed knowledge, and ability and judgment in relation to type of activity	EC11: Recognize complexity and assess alternatives in light of competing requirements and incomplete knowledge. Exercise sound judgment in the course of his or her complex activities	
Responsibility for decisions: Type of activity for which responsibility is taken	EC12: Be responsible for making decisions on part or all of complex activities	

2. Engineering Technologist (As per Sydney Accord)

The Sydney Accord defines,

- a) 12 element Graduate Attribute Profile (SA1 SA12)
- b) Knowledge Profile (SK1-SK8)
- c) Level of Problem Solving (SP1-SP7 and TP1 TP2)
- d) Professional Competency Profile (TC1-TC13)

Engineering Knowledge:	SA1: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in SK1 to SK4 respectively to defined and applied engineering procedures, processes, systems or methodologies.
Problem Analysis Complexity of analysis	SA2: Identify, formulate, research literature and analyses <i>broadly-defined</i> engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using analytical tools appropriate to the discipline or area of specialization. (SK1 to SK4)
Design/ development of solutions: Breadth and uniqueness of engineering problems i.e. the extent to which problems are original and to which solutions have previously been identified or codified	SA3 : Design solutions for <i>broadly- defined</i> engineering technology problems and <i>contribute to</i> the design of systems, components or processes to meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. (SK5)

Investigation: Breadth and depth of investigation and experimentation	SA4: Conduct investigations of <i>broadly-defined</i> problems; locate, search and select relevant data from codes, data bases and literature (SK8), design and conduct experiments to provide valid conclusions.
Modern Tool Usage: Level of understanding of the appropriateness of the tool	SA5: Select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modelling, to <i>broadly-defined</i> engineering problems, with an understanding of the limitations. (SK6)
The Engineer and Society: Level of knowledge and responsibility	SA6: Demonstrate understanding of the societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to engineering technology practice and solutions to broadly defined engineering problems. (SK7)
Environment and Sustainability: Type of solutions.	SA7: Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of engineering technology work in the solution of broadly defined engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts. (SK7)
Ethics: Understanding and level of practice	SA8: Understand and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering technology practice. (SK7)
Individual and Team work: Role in and diversity of team	SA9: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams.
Communication: Level of communication according to type of activities performed	SA10: Communicate effectively on <i>broadly-defined</i> engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, by being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions
Project Management and Finance: Level of management required for differing types of activity	SA11: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member or leader in a team and to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments.
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	SA12: Recognize the need for, and have the ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in specialist technologies.

b) Knowledge Profile (8 elements)

SK1	A systematic, theory-based understanding of the natural sciences applicable to the sub-discipline	
SK2	Conceptually-based mathematics , numerical analysis, statistics and aspects of computer and information science to support analysis and use of models applicable to the sub-discipline	
SK3	A systematic , theory-based formulation of engineering fundamentals required in an accepted sub-discipline	
SK4	Engineering specialist knowledge that provides theoretical frameworks and bodies of knowledge for an accepted sub-discipline	
SK5	Knowledge that supports engineering design using the technologies of a practice area	
SK6	Knowledge of engineering technologies applicable in the sub-discipline	
SK7	Comprehension of the role of technology in society and identified issues in applying engineering technology: ethics and impacts: economic, social, environmental and sustainability	
SK8	A programme that builds this type of knowledge and develops the attributes listed below is typically achieved in 3 to 4 years of study, depending on the level of students at entry.	

c) Level of Problem Solving (9 items)

Attribute	Broadly-defined Engineering Problems have characteristic SP1 and some or all of SP2 to SP7:
Depth of Knowledge Required	SP1: Cannot be resolved without engineering knowledge at the level of one or more of SK 4, SK5, and SK6 supported by SK3 with a strong emphasis on the application of developed technology
Range of conflicting requirements	SP2: Involve a variety of factors which may impose conflicting constraints
Depth of analysis required	SP3: Can be solved by application of well-proven analysis techniques
Familiarity of issues	SP4: Belong to families of familiar problems which are solved in well-accepted ways
Extent of applicable codes	SP5: May be partially outside those encompassed by standards or codes of practice
Extent of stakeholder involvement and conflicting requirements	SP6: Involve several groups of stakeholders with differing and occasionally conflicting needs
Interdependence	SP7: Are parts of, or systems within complex engineering problems
Consequences	TP1:Have consequences which are important locally, but may extend more widely
Judgment	TP2: Require judgment in decision making

d) Professional Competency Profile

Differentiating Characteristic	Engineering Technologist
Comprehend and apply universal knowledge: Breadth and depth of education and type of knowledge	TC1: Comprehend and apply the knowledge embodied in widely accepted and applied procedures, processes, systems or methodologies
Comprehend and apply local knowledge: Type of local knowledge	TC2: Comprehend and apply the knowledge embodied procedures, processes, systems or methodologies that is specific to the jurisdiction in which he/she practices.
Problem analysis: Complexity of analysis	TC3: Identify, clarify, and analyses broadly-defined problems
Design and development of solutions: Nature of the problem and uniqueness of the solution	TC4: Design or develop solutions to broadly-defined problems
Evaluation: Type of activity	TC4: Evaluate the outcomes and impacts of broadly defined activities
Protection of society: Types of activity and responsibility to public	TC6: Recognize the reasonably foreseeable social, cultural and environmental effects of broadly-defined activities generally, and have regard to the need for sustainability; take responsibility in all these activities to avoid putting the public at risk.
Legal and regulatory: No differentiation in this characteristic	TC7: Meet all legal and regulatory requirements and protect public health and safety in the course of his or her activities
Ethics: No differentiation in this characteristic	TC8: Conduct his or her activities ethically
Manage engineering activities: Types of activity	TC9: Manage part or all of one or more broadly-defined activities
Communication: No differentiation in this characteristic	TC10: Communicate clearly with others in the course of his or her activities
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	TC11: Undertake CPD activities sufficient to maintain and extend his or her competence
Judgement: Level of developed knowledge, and ability and judgement in relation to type of activity	TC12: Choose appropriate technologies to deal with broadly defined problems. Exercise sound judgement in the course of his or her broadly-defined activities
Responsibility for decisions: Type of activity for which responsibility is taken	TC13: Be responsible for making decisions on part or all of one or more broadly defined activities

3. Engineering Technician (As per Dublin Accord)

The Dublin Accord defines,

- a) 12 element Graduate Attribute Profile (DA1 DA12)
- b) Knowledge Profile (DK1-DK8)
- c) Level of Problem Solving (DP1-DP7 and NP1)
- d) Professional Competency Profile (NC1-NC13)

Engineering Knowledge	DA1: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in DK1 to DK4 respectively to wide practical procedures and practices.
Problem Analysis Complexity of analysis	DA2: Identify and analyses <i>well-defined</i> engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using codified methods of analysis specific to their field of activity. (DK1 to DK4)
Design/ development of solutions: Breadth and uniqueness of engineering problems i.e. the extent to which problems are original and to which solutions have previously been identified or codified	DA3: Design solutions for <i>well-defined</i> technical problems and <i>assist with</i> the design of systems, components or processes to meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. (DK5)
Investigation: Breadth and depth of investigation and experimentation	DA4: Conduct investigations of <i>well-defined</i> problems; locate and search relevant codes and catalogues, conduct standard tests and measurements.
Modern Tool Usage: Level of understanding of the appropriateness of the tool	DA5: Apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools to <i>well-defined</i> engineering problems, with an awareness of the limitations. (DK6)

The Engineer and Society: Level of knowledge and responsibility	DA6: Demonstrate knowledge of the societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to engineering technician practice and solutions to well defined engineering problems. (DK7)
Environment and Sustainability: Type of solutions.	DA7: Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of engineering technician work in the solution of well-defined engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts. (DK7)
Ethics: Understanding and level of practice	DA8: Understand and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of technician practice. (DK7)
Individual and Team work: Role in and diversity of team	DA9: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member in diverse technical teams.
Communication: Level of communication according to type of activities performed	DA10: Communicate effectively on <i>well-defined</i> engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, by being able to comprehend the work of others, document their own work, and give and receive clear instructions
Project Management and Finance: Level of management required for differing types of activity	DA11: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member or leader in a technical team and to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	DA12: Recognize the need for, and have the ability to engage in independent updating in the context of specialized technical knowledge.

b) Knowledge Profile (8 elements)

DK1	A descriptive, formula-based understanding of the natural sciences applicable in a sub-discipline
DK2	Procedural mathematics, numerical analysis, statistics applicable in a sub-discipline
DK3	A coherent procedural formulation of engineering fundamentals required in an accepted sub-discipline
DK4	Engineering specialist knowledge that provides the body of knowledge for an accepted sub-discipline
DK5	Knowledge that supports engineering design based on the techniques and procedures of a practice area
DK6	Codified practical engineering knowledge in recognized practice area.
DK7	Knowledge of issues and approaches in engineering technician practice: ethics, financial, cultural, environmental and sustainability impacts
DK8	A programme that builds this type of knowledge and develops the attributes listed below is typically achieved in 2 to 3 years of study, depending on the level of students at entry.

c) Level of Problem Solving (8 items)

Attribute	Well-defined Engineering Problems have characteristic DP1 and some or all of DP2 to DP7:	
Depth of Knowledge Required	DP1: Cannot be resolved without extensive practical knowledge as reflected in DK5 and DK6 supported by theoretical knowledge defined in DK3 and DK4	
Range of conflicting requirements	DP2: Involve several issues, but with few of these exerting conflicting constraints	
Depth of analysis required	DP3: Can be solved in standardised ways	
Familiarity of issues	DP4: Are frequently encountered and thus familiar to most practitioners in the practice area	
Extent of applicable codes	DP5: Are encompassed by standards and/or documented codes of practice	
Extent of stakeholder involvement and conflicting requirements	DP6: Involve a limited range of stakeholders with differing needs	
Interdependence	DP7: Are discrete components of engineering systems	
Consequences	NP1: Have consequences which are locally important and not far-reaching	

d) Professional Competency Profiles

Differentiating Characteristic	Engineering Technician
Comprehend and apply universal knowledge: Breadth and depth of education and type of knowledge	NC1: Comprehend and apply knowledge embodied in standardised practices

Comprehend and apply local knowledge: Type of local knowledge	NC2: Comprehend and apply knowledge embodied in standardised practices specific to the jurisdiction in which he/she practices.
Problem analysis: Complexity of analysis	NC3: Identify, state and analyses well-defined problems
Design and development of solutions: Nature of the problem and uniqueness of the solution	NC4: Design or develop solutions to well-defined problems
Evaluation: Type of activity	NC5: Evaluate the outcomes and impacts of well-defined activities
Protection of society: Types of activity and responsibility to public	NC6: Recognize the reasonably foreseeable social, cultural and environmental effects of well-defined activities generally, and have regard to the need for sustainability; use engineering technical expertise to prevent dangers to the public.
Legal and regulatory: No differentiation in this characteristic	NC7: Meet all legal and regulatory requirements and protect public health and safety in the course of his or her activities
Ethics: No differentiation in this characteristic	NC8: Conduct his or her activities ethically
Manage engineering activities: Types of activity	NC9: Manage part or all of one or more well-defined activities
Communication: No differentiation in this characteristic	NC10: Communicate clearly with others in the course of his or her activities
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	NC11: Undertake CPD activities sufficient to maintain and extend his or her competence
Judgement: Level of developed knowledge, and ability and judgement in relation to type of activity	NC12: Choose and apply appropriate technical expertise. Exercise sound judgement in the course of his or her well-defined activities
Responsibility for decisions: Type of activity for which responsibility is taken	NC13: Be responsible for making decisions on part or all of all of one or more well-defined activities

Attributes and competencies associated with 3 categories together, would give a proper picture as follows.

Differentiating Characteristic	for Washington Accord Graduate	for Sydney Accord Graduate	for Dublin Accord Graduate
Engineering Knowledge:	WA1: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in WK1 to WK4 respectively to the solution of complex engineering problems.	SA1: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in SK1 to SK4 respectively to defined and applied engineering procedures, processes, systems or methodologies.	DA1: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in DK1 to DK4 respectively to wide practical procedures and practices.
Problem Analysis Complexity of analysis	WA2: Identify, formulate, research literature and analyses complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences. (WK1 to WK4)	SA2: Identify, formulate, research literature and analyses <i>broadly-defined</i> engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using analytical tools appropriate to the discipline or area of specialization. (SK1 to SK4)	DA2: Identify and analyses <i>well-defined</i> engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using codified methods of analysis specific to their field of activity. (DK1 to DK4)
Design/ development of solutions: Breadth and uniqueness of engineering problems i.e. the extent to which problems are original and to which solutions have previously been identified or codified	WA3: Design solutions for <i>complex</i> engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. (WK5)	SA3: Design solutions for <i>broadly- defined</i> engineering technology problems and <i>contribute to</i> the design of systems, components or processes to meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. (SK5)	DA3: Design solutions for <i>well-defined</i> technical problems and <i>assist</i> with the design of systems, components or processes to meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. (DK5)
Investigation: Breadth and depth of investigation and experimentation	WA4: Conduct investigations of <i>complex</i> problems using research-based knowledge (WK8) and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of information to provide valid conclusions.	SA4: Conduct investigations of <i>broadly-defined</i> problems; locate, search and select relevant data from codes, data bases and literature (SK8), design and conduct experiments to provide valid conclusions.	DA4: Conduct investigations of <i>well-defined</i> problems; locate and search relevant codes and catalogues, conduct standard tests and measurements.
Modern Tool Usage: Level of understanding of the appropriateness of the tool	WA5: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modelling, to <i>complex</i> engineering problems, with an understanding of the limitations. (WK6)	SA5: Select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modelling, to <i>broadly-defined</i> engineering problems, with an understanding of the limitations. (SK6)	DA5: Apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools to <i>well-defined</i> engineering problems, with an awareness of the limitations. (DK6)
The Engineer and Society: Level of knowledge and responsibility	WA6: Apply reasoning informed by contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems. (WK7)	SA6: Demonstrate understanding of the societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to engineering technology practice and solutions to broadly defined engineering problems. (SK7)	DA6: Demonstrate knowledge of the societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to engineering technician practice and solutions to well defined engineering problems. (DK7)
Environment and Sustainability: Type of solutions.	WA7: Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts. (WK7)	SA7: Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of engineering technology work in the solution of broadly defined engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts. (SK7)	DA7: Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of engineering technician work in the solution of well-defined engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts. (DK7)
Ethics: Understanding and level of practice	WA8: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering practice. (WK7)	SA8: Understand and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering technology practice. (SK7)	DA8: Understand and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of technician practice. (DK7)
Individual and Team work: Role in and diversity of team	WA9: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings.	SA9: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams.	DA9: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member in diverse technical teams.

Communication: Level of	WA10: Communicate effectively on <i>complex</i>	SA10: Communicate effectively on broadly-defined	DA10: Communicate effectively on well-defined engineering
communication according to type of	engineering activities with the engineering	engineering activities with the engineering community	activities with the engineering community and with society at large,
activities performed	community and with society at large, such as being	and with society at large, by being able to comprehend	by being able to comprehend the work of others, document their
	able to comprehend and write effective reports and	and write effective reports and design documentation,	own work, and give and receive clear instructions
	design documentation, make effective presentations,	make effective presentations, and give and receive	
	and give and receive clear instructions.	clear instructions	
Project Management and Finance:	WA11: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding	SA11: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of	DA11: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering
Level of management required for	of engineering management principles and economic	engineering management principles and apply these to	management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a
differing types of activity	decision-making and apply these to one's own work,	one's own work, as a member or leader in a team and	member or leader in a technical team and to manage projects in
	as a member and leader in a team, to manage	to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments.	multidisciplinary environments
	projects and in multidisciplinary environments.		
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and	WA12: Recognize the need for, and have the	SA12: Recognize the need for, and have the ability to	DA12: Recognize the need for, and have the ability to engage in
depth of continuing learning.	preparation and ability to engage in independent and	engage in independent and life-long learning in	independent updating in the context of specialized technical
	life-long learning in the broadest context of	specialist technologies.	knowledge.
	technological change.		

b) Knowledge profile

A Washington Accord programme provides:	A Sydney Accord programme provides:	A Dublin Accord programme provides:
WK1: A systematic, theory-based understanding of the natural sciences	SK1: A systematic, theory-based understanding of the natural	DK1: A descriptive, formula-based understanding of the natural sciences
applicable to the discipline	sciences applicable to the sub-discipline	applicable in a sub-discipline
WK2: Conceptually-based mathematics, numerical analysis, statistics and	SK2: Conceptually-based mathematics, numerical analysis,	DK2: Procedural mathematics, numerical analysis, statistics applicable in a sub-
formal aspects of computer and information science to support analysis	statistics and aspects of computer and information science to	discipline
and modelling applicable to the discipline	support analysis and use of models applicable to the sub- discipline	
WK3: A systematic, theory-based formulation of engineering	SK3: A systematic , theory-based formulation of engineering	DK3: A coherent procedural formulation of engineering fundamentals required in
fundamentals required in the engineering discipline	fundamentals required in an accepted sub-discipline	an accepted sub-discipline
WK4: Engineering specialist knowledge that provides theoretical	SK4: Engineering specialist knowledge that provides	DK4: Engineering specialist knowledge that provides the body of knowledge for
frameworks and bodies of knowledge for the accepted practice areas in	theoretical frameworks and bodies of knowledge for an	an accepted sub-discipline
the engineering discipline; much is at the forefront of the discipline.	accepted sub-discipline	
WK5: Knowledge that supports engineering design in a practice area	SK5: Knowledge that supports engineering design using the	DK5: Knowledge that supports engineering design based on the techniques and
	technologies of a practice area	procedures of a practice area
WK6: Knowledge of engineering practice (technology) in the practice	SK6: Knowledge of engineering technologies applicable in the	DK6: Codified practical engineering knowledge in recognized practice area.
areas in the engineering discipline	sub-discipline	
WK7: Comprehension of the role of engineering in society and identified	SK7: Comprehension of the role of technology in society and	DK7: Knowledge of issues and approaches in engineering technician practice:
issues in engineering practice in the discipline: ethics and the professional	identified issues in applying engineering technology: ethics and	ethics, financial, cultural, environmental and sustainability impacts
responsibility of an engineer to public safety; the impacts of engineering	impacts: economic, social, environmental and sustainability	
activity: economic, social, cultural, environmental and sustainability		
WK8: Engagement with selected knowledge in the research literature of	SK8: Engagement with the technological literature of the	
the discipline	discipline	
A programme that builds this type of knowledge and develops the	A programme that builds this type of knowledge and develops	A programme that builds this type of knowledge and develops the attributes listed
attributes listed below is typically achieved in 4 to 5 years of study,	the attributes listed below is typically achieved in 3 to 4 years	below is typically achieved in 2 to 3 years of study, depending on the level of
depending on the level of students at entry.	of study, depending on the level of students at entry.	students at entry.

c) Level of Problem solving

Attribute	Complex Engineering Problems have characteristic	Broadly-defined Engineering Problems have characteristic	Well-defined Engineering Problems have characteristic DP1 and some
	WP1 and some or all of WP2 to WP7:	SP1 and some or all of SP2 to SP7:	or all of DP2 to DP7:
Depth of Knowledge	WP1: Cannot be resolved without in-depth engineering	SP1: Cannot be resolved without engineering knowledge at	DP1: Cannot be resolved without extensive practical knowledge as
Required	knowledge at the level of one or more of WK3, WK4,	the level of one or more of SK 4, SK5, and SK6 supported by	reflected in DK5 and DK6 supported by theoretical knowledge defined in
	WK5, WK6 or WK8 which allows a fundamentals-based,	SK3 with a strong emphasis on the application of developed	DK3 and DK4
	first principles analytical approach	technology	
Range of conflicting	WP2: Involve wide-ranging or conflicting technical,	SP2: Involve a variety of factors which may impose	DP2: Involve several issues, but with few of these exerting conflicting
requirements	engineering and other issues	conflicting constraints	constraints
Depth of analysis required	WP3: Have no obvious solution and require abstract	SP3: Can be solved by application of well-proven analysis	DP3: Can be solved in standardised ways
	thinking, originality in analysis to formulate suitable	techniques	
	models		
Familiarity of issues	WP4: Involve infrequently encountered issues	SP4: Belong to families of familiar problems which are	DP4: Are frequently encountered and thus familiar to most practitioners
		solved in well-accepted ways	in the practice area
Extent of applicable codes	WP5: Are outside problems encompassed by standards	SP5: May be partially outside those encompassed by	DP5: Are encompassed by standards and/or documented codes of
	and codes of practice for professional engineering	standards or codes of practice	practice
Extent of stakeholder	WP6: Involve diverse groups of stakeholders with	SP6: Involve several groups of stakeholders with differing	DP6: Involve a limited range of stakeholders with differing needs
involvement and	widely varying needs	and occasionally conflicting needs	
conflicting requirements			
Interdependence	WP 7: Are high level problems including many	SP7: Are parts of, or systems within complex engineering	DP7: Are discrete components of engineering systems
	component parts or sub-problems	problems	
In addition, in the context of	the Professional Competencies		
Consequences	EP1: Have significant consequences in a range of	TP1:Have consequences which are important locally, but	NP1: Have consequences which are locally important and not far-
	contexts	may extend more widely	reaching
Judgment	EP2: Require judgment in decision making	TP2: Require judgment in decision making	

d) Professional competency profile

Differentiating Characteristic	Professional Engineer	Engineering Technologist	Engineering Technician
Comprehend and apply universal knowledge: Breadth and depth of education and type of knowledge	EC1: Comprehend and apply advanced knowledge of the widely-applied principles underpinning good practice	TC1: Comprehend and apply the knowledge embodied in widely accepted and applied procedures, processes, systems or methodologies	NC1: Comprehend and apply knowledge embodied in standardised practices
Comprehend and apply local knowledge: Type of local knowledge	EC2: Comprehend and apply advanced knowledge of the widely-applied principles underpinning good practice specific to the jurisdiction in which he/she practices.	TC2: Comprehend and apply the knowledge embodied procedures, processes, systems or methodologies that is specific to the jurisdiction in which he/she practices.	NC2: Comprehend and apply knowledge embodied in standardised practices specific to the jurisdiction in which he/she practices.
Problem analysis: Complexity of analysis	EC3: Define, investigate and analyses complex problems	TC3: Identify, clarify, and analyses broadly-defined problems	NC3: Identify, state and analyses well-defined problems
Design and development of solutions: Nature of the problem and uniqueness of the solution	EC4: Design or develop solutions to complex problems	TC4: Design or develop solutions to broadly-defined problems	NC4: Design or develop solutions to well-defined problems
Evaluation: Type of activity	EC5: Evaluate the outcomes and impacts of complex activities	TC4: Evaluate the outcomes and impacts of broadly defined activities	NC5: Evaluate the outcomes and impacts of well-defined activities

Protection of society: Types of activity and responsibility to public	EC6: Recognize the reasonably foreseeable social, cultural and environmental effects of complex activities generally, and have regard to the need for sustainability; recognize that the protection of society is the highest priority	TC6: Recognize the reasonably foreseeable social, cultural and environmental effects of broadly-defined activities generally, and have regard to the need for sustainability; take responsibility in all these activities to avoid putting the public at risk.	NC6: Recognize the reasonably foreseeable social, cultural and environmental effects of well-defined activities generally, and have regard to the need for sustainability; use engineering technical expertise to prevent dangers to the public.
Legal and regulatory: No differentiation in this characteristic	EC7: Meet all legal and regulatory requirements and protect public health and safety in the course of his or her activities	TC7: Meet all legal and regulatory requirements and protect public health and safety in the course of his or her activities	NC7: Meet all legal and regulatory requirements and protect public health and safety in the course of his or her activities
Ethics: No differentiation in this characteristic	EC8 : Conduct his or her activities ethically	TC8: Conduct his or her activities ethically	NC8: Conduct his or her activities ethically
Manage engineering activities:	EC9: Manage part or all of one or more	TC9: Manage part or all of one or more broadly-defined	NC9: Manage part or all of one or more well-defined
Types of activity	complex activities	activities	activities
Communication: No differentiation in this characteristic	EC10: Communicate clearly with others in the course of his or her activities	TC10: Communicate clearly with others in the course of his or her activities	NC10: Communicate clearly with others in the course of his or her activities
Lifelong learning: Preparation for and depth of continuing learning.	EC11: Undertake CPD activities sufficient to maintain and extend his or her competence	TC11: Undertake CPD activities sufficient to maintain and extend his or her competence	NC11: Undertake CPD activities sufficient to maintain and extend his or her competence
Judgment: Level of developed knowledge, and ability and judgment in relation to type of activity	EC11: Recognize complexity and assess alternatives in light of competing requirements and incomplete knowledge. Exercise sound judgment in the course of his or her complex activities	TC12: Choose appropriate technologies to deal with broadly defined problems. Exercise sound judgment in the course of his or her broadly-defined activities	NC12: Choose and apply appropriate technical expertise. Exercise sound judgment in the course of his or her well- defined activities
Responsibility for decisions: Type of activity for which responsibility is taken	EC12: Be responsible for making decisions on part or all of complex activities	TC13: Be responsible for making decisions on part or all of one or more broadly defined activities	NC13: Be responsible for making decisions on part or all of all of one or more well-defined activities

End.